

Analytic Trigonometry

7.7 Inverse Trigonometric Functions

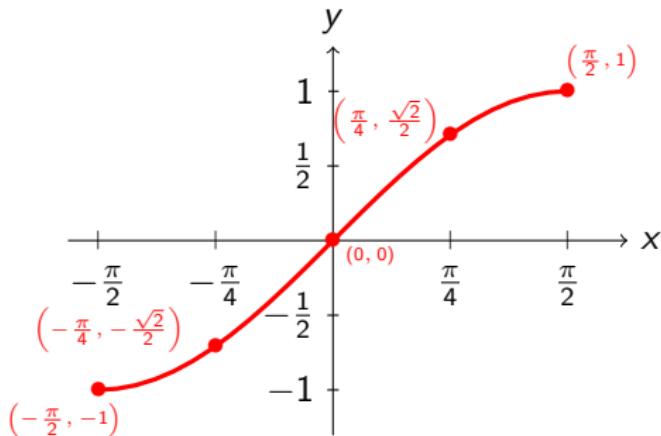
November 29, 2010

Start with the sine function with the restricted domain $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$.

$$y = \sin x$$

Domain: $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

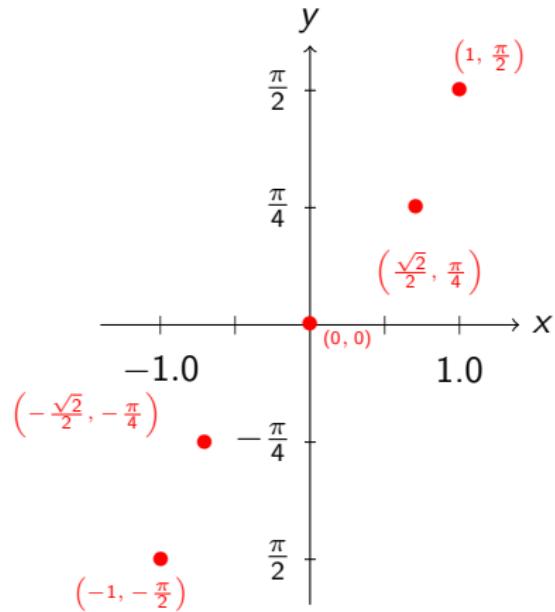
Range: $[-1, 1]$



$$y = \sin^{-1} x$$

Domain: $[-1, 1]$

Range: $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$



Inverse Sine Function

$y = \sin^{-1} x$ or $y = \arcsin x$ means $x = \sin y$

where $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ and $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following expressions:

- ▶ $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$
- ▶ $\arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)$

Sine-inverse Sine Identities

$$\sin^{-1}(\sin x) = x \quad \text{for } -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sin(\sin^{-1} x) = x \quad \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following trigonometric expressions:

- ▶ $\sin \left[\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \right]$
- ▶ $\sin^{-1} \left[\sin \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right) \right]$

Inverse cosine Function

$y = \cos^{-1} x$ or $y = \arccos x$ means $x = \cos y$

where $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ and $0 \leq y \leq \pi$.

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following expressions:

- ▶ $\cos^{-1} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$
- ▶ $\arccos 0$

Cosine-inverse Cosine Identities

$$\cos^{-1}(\cos x) = x \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi$$

$$\cos(\cos^{-1} x) = x \quad \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following trigonometric expressions:

- ▶ $\cos \left[\cos^{-1} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$
- ▶ $\cos^{-1} \left[\cos \left(\frac{7\pi}{4} \right) \right]$

Inverse Tangent Function

$y = \tan^{-1} x$ or $y = \arctan x$ means $x = \tan y$

where $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following expressions:

- ▶ $\tan^{-1} (\sqrt{3})$
- ▶ $\arctan 0$

Tangent-inverse Tangent Identities

$$\tan^{-1}(\tan x) = x \quad \text{for } -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\tan(\tan^{-1} x) = x \quad \text{for } -\infty \leq x \leq \infty$$

Example

Find the exact value of each of the following trigonometric expressions:

- ▶ $\tan(\tan^{-1} 17)$
- ▶ $\tan^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$

Example

Find the exact value of

$$\cos \left[\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \right].$$