

27.2 Derivatives of Other Trigonometric Functions

$$y = \tan u \Rightarrow y' = (\sec^2 u) u'$$

$$y = \cot u \Rightarrow y' = (-\csc^2 u) u'$$

$$y = \sec u \Rightarrow y' = (\sec u \tan u) u'$$

$$y = \csc u \Rightarrow y' = (-\csc u \cot u) u'$$

$$\sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

$$\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\cot x = \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

p. 812
 ④ $y = 3 \tan(3x+2) \Rightarrow y' = 3(\sec^2(3x+2))(3x+2)' = 3(\sec^2(3x+2))3$
 $= 9 \sec^2(3x+2)$

⑥ $y = 3 \cot 6x \Rightarrow y' = 3(-\csc^2(6x))6 = -18 \csc^2(6x)$

⑩ $h = .5 \csc(1-2\pi t) \quad (1-2\pi t)' = -2\pi$
 $h' = \frac{dh}{dt} = .5(-\csc(1-2\pi t)\cot(1-2\pi t))(-2\pi)$
 $= \pi \csc(1-2\pi t)\cot(1-2\pi t)$

⑯ $y = .8 \sec^3 5u \text{ or } .8(\sec 5u)^3$
 $\frac{dy}{du} = .8(3)(\sec 5u)^2 (\sec 5u)'$
 $= 2.4 \sec^2 5u \underbrace{\sec 5u \tan 5u \cdot 5}_{\cdot 5}$
 $= 12.0 \sec^3 5u \tan 5u$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad y = \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin^f 2x \right) (\sec^s x) \quad f' = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x \cdot 2 = \cos 2x$$

$$s' = \sec x \tan x$$

$$y' = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \sec x \tan x}_{f'} + \underbrace{\sec x \cos 2x}_{s'}$$

$$\textcircled{24} \quad u = \frac{\cot 0.25z}{2z} \quad \frac{B T' - T B'}{B^2}$$

$$u' = \frac{2z(-\csc^2 0.25z)(0.25) - (\cot 0.25z)2}{(2z)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-5 \csc^2 0.25z - 2 \cot 0.25z}{4z^2}$$

$$y = \csc(\cos 4x)$$

$$= -\csc(\cos 4x) \cot(\cos 4x) (\cos 4x)'$$

$$= -\csc(\cos 4x) \cot(\cos 4x) (-\sin 4x) \cdot 4$$

$$= 4 \sin 4x \csc(\cos 4x) \cot(\cos 4x)$$