

Test 4 (Final) Review

31.1 Order of the Differential Equation - Highest Derivative.

31.2 Separation of Variables $g(x) dx = f(y) dy$

$$xy \frac{dy}{dx} + \sqrt{1+y^2} = 0$$

p. 945: 3, 5, 9, 13, 17, 19, 21, 35, 37

$$xy dy + \sqrt{1+y^2} dx = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{y}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} dy + \frac{1}{x} dx = 0$$

31.3 Integrable Combinations

p. 947: 3, 5, 11, 13, 19, 21

$$d(xy) = x dy + y dx$$

$$d(x^2 + y^2) = 2x dx + 2y dy$$

$$d\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = \frac{x dy - y dx}{x^2}$$

$$d\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \frac{y dx - x dy}{y^2}$$

31.4 First Order Linear Differential Equation (Integrating Factor)

$$dy + P y dx = Q dx \quad \text{Integrating Factor: } e^{\int P dx}$$

$$d(e^{\int P dx} y) = e^{\int P dx} Q dx \quad \text{p. 950: 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 31}$$

31.7 Higher Order Homogeneous Solution p. 962: 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 15, 23, 31

$$\text{Auxiliary Equation then } y = c_1 e^{m_1 x} + c_2 e^{m_2 x}$$

31.8 Auxiliary Equations with Repeated or Complex Roots p. 966
5-33 odd

$$\text{Repeated roots } \Rightarrow y = e^{mx} (c_1 + c_2 x)$$

$$\text{Complex roots } \Rightarrow y = e^{\alpha x} (c_1 \cos \beta x + c_2 \sin \beta x)$$

Test 1 Derivatives Trigonometric, Log, ¹⁻⁴ Exp. Functions.

Test 1 & 2 Integrals Trig., Log, & Exp. Functions
8+9 | 1-6