

8.4 – Systematic Savings (Annuities)

Usually we do not have large amounts to deposit into a savings account at one time. However we can deposit small amounts into an account over a period of time.

Systematic Savings Account – Savings account where a fixed amount is deposited at regular intervals. An **annuity** is an example of a systematic savings plan.

$$A = \frac{P \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}{\left(\frac{r}{n} \right)}$$

A = Accumulated Amount (or Future Value) after t years

P = Amount of each deposit

r = Annual Interest Rate (in decimal form)

n = Number of periods per year

t = Time (in years)

This formula assumes interest is paid at the end of each interval.

Example p. 478: #8

Example p. 480: #30

Determine the deposit amount (P) needed to have a certain value (A) after t years. This is an example of a **Sinking Fund**. The formula is the previous formula solved for P .

$$P = \frac{A \left(\frac{r}{n} \right)}{\left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt} - 1 \right]}$$

A = Accumulated Amount (or Future Value)
after t years

P = Amount of each deposit

r = Annual Interest Rate (in decimal form)

n = Number of periods per year

t = Time (in years)

Example p. 480: #36