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Show all work necessary for your answers.

1. Let f(x) = 4 - x, on [0,4], a line with y-intercept (0,4) and x-intercept (4,0) Use R_4 (with right hand endpoints) to estimate the area between the curve y = f(x) and the x-axis on the interval [0,4].

2a. Let f(x) = 4 - x, on [0, 4], a line with y-intercept (0, 4) and x-intercept (4, 0). Find a general formula for R_n

2b. Find the area between the curve y = f(x) and the x-axis on the interval [-2,2] by taking $\lim_{n\to\infty} R_n$.

Hint: You'll need
$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} 1 = n$$
 and $\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

Quiz 5.1 Page 2

3. Find the most general antiderivative of f, call it F, and then compute F(4) - F(0) to get the exact value for this area. We'll find out soon why this is the exact area. Also find the area of the region by considering it to be a triangle.