Analytic Geometry and Calculus I Quiz 4.2 Due Today

Name_

Show all work necessary for your answer.

1. Compute the following limits.

(a) One is determinate. Declare an answer. One is not; write that one in an L'Hp̂ital form and compute. $\lim_{x \to \infty} x^2 \ln(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^+} x^2 \ln(x) =$

(b) $\lim_{x\to 0} (\sin(x))^x$. [Hint: If a $\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}$ appears at some point, rewrite it as $\cot(x)$ and then as $\frac{1}{\tan(x)}$.]

2. Show that $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$ on [-2, 2] satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem. Find at least one value of c which satisfies its conclusion.

3. Try to draw the graph of a function which is continuous on [0,3] and which does not reach its absolute maximum on [0,3]. Now draw the graph of a function which does not reach its absolute maximum on [0,3].

- 4. For the function $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 5$
- (a) Find all the critical numbers of this function.

(b) Find all absolute extrema of this function on the interval $\left[-3,5\right]$

(c) Find the intervals on which f is increasing and the intervals on which f is decreasing.