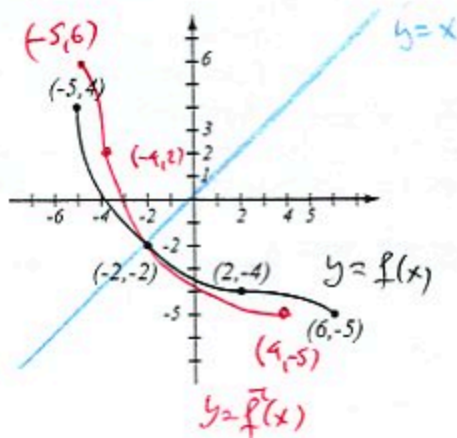


1. (6pts) The graph of a function f is given.
a) Is this function one-to-one? Justify.
b) If the function is one-to-one, find the graph of f^{-1} , labeling the relevant points.



a) Yes, it passes the horizontal line test,

2. (12pts) Let $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x+3}$. Find the formula for f^{-1} . Find the ranges of f and f^{-1} .

$$y = \frac{2x}{x+3}$$

$$y(x+3) = 2x$$

$$yx + 3y = 2x$$

$$yx - 2x = -3y$$

$$(y-2)x = -3y$$

$$x = \frac{-3y}{y-2} = \frac{3y}{2-y}$$

$$f^{-1}(y) = \frac{3y}{2-y}$$

Range $f = \text{domain } f^{-1}$
Can't have $2-y=0$
 $y=2$

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

Range $f^{-1} = \text{domain } f$
Can't have $x+3=0$
 $x=-3$

$$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$$

3. (8pts) Evaluate without using the calculator. For each problem, write the question you should ask yourself in order to find the logarithms.

$$\log_5 125 = 3 \quad \log_{100} \frac{1}{100} = -2 \quad \log_{27} 3 = \frac{1}{3} \quad \log_{a^3} a^{15} = 5$$

$$5^? = 125 \quad 10^? = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{10^2} = 10^{-2} \quad 27^? = 3 = \sqrt[3]{27} = 27^{\frac{1}{3}} \quad (a^3)^? = a^{15}$$

$$3 \cdot ? = 15$$

4. (4pts) Use the change-of-base formula and your calculator to find $\log_7 0.7$ with accuracy 6 decimal places. Show how you obtained your number.

$$\log_7 0.7 = \frac{\log 0.7}{\log 7} = -0.183295$$

5. (12pts) Investigate the effect of increased frequency of compounding: for a deposit of \$1,000 and annual interest rate of 4.14%, calculate the amount in the account after 1 year for the frequencies of compounding below.

- Write the general formula for the amount, replacing the variables by numbers, if known.
- Use the table feature on your calculator to quickly compute amounts after 1 year.
- Does compounding more often make a big difference?

Frequency: every	n	Amount after 1 year
year	1	1041.40
quarter	4	1042.05
month	12	1042.19
day	365	1042.27
hour	$365 \cdot 24 = 8760$	1042.27
second	$8760 \cdot 3600$	1042.27

$$a) A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$= 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0414}{n}\right)^{n \cdot 1}$$

c) There is no difference once the compounding frequency goes past daily

6. (3pts) Find the domain of $f(x) = \ln(7 - 2x)$.

Must have $7 - 2x > 0$ $x < \frac{7}{2}$ $(-\infty, \frac{7}{2})$

$$7 > 2x$$

7. (8pts) The expression that converts temperatures in degrees Celsius (C) to degrees Fahrenheit (F) is $F(C) = 32 + \frac{9}{5}C$.

- Find temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit for -5°C , and 20°C .
- Find a formula for the inverse function and explain what it represents.
- What temperatures in degrees Celsius correspond to 41°F and 95°F ?

$$a) F(-5) = 32 + \frac{9}{5} \cdot (-5) = 32 - 9 = 23^\circ$$

$$F(20) = 32 + \frac{9}{5} \cdot 20 = 32 + 36 = 68^\circ$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

gives the expression that converts temperature in Fahrenheit (F) into temperature in Celsius

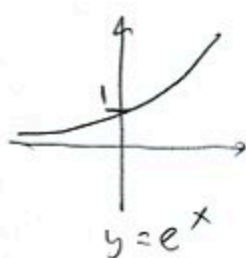
$$b) F = 32 + \frac{9}{5}C$$

$$F - 32 = \frac{9}{5}C \quad | \cdot \frac{5}{9}$$

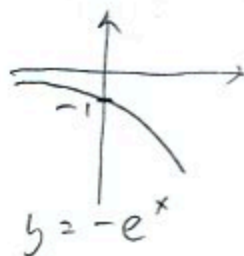
$$c) C = \frac{5}{9}(41 - 32) = \frac{5}{9} \cdot 9 = 5$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(95 - 32) = \frac{5}{9} \cdot 63 = 35$$

8. (7pts) Using transformations, draw the graph of $f(x) = 4 - e^x$. Explain how you transform the graph of a basic function in order to get the graph of f . Show at least one point on the graph, and asymptotes to the graph, if any.



reflect
in
x-axis
→



shift
up 4

