

1. (8pts) Evaluate without using the calculator. For each problem, write the question you should ask yourself in order to find the logarithms.

$$\log_3 27 = 3$$

$$3^? = 27$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{8} = -3$$

$$2^? = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2^3} = 2^{-3}$$

$$\log_a \sqrt[3]{a^4} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\log_a \sqrt[3]{a^4} = \log_a a^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$\log_{\sqrt{a}} a^6 = 12$$

$$(\sqrt{a})^? = a^6 \quad (a^{\frac{1}{2}})^? = a^6$$

2. (4pts) Use the change-of-base formula and your calculator to find  $\log_4 54$  with accuracy 6 decimal places. Show how you obtained your number.

$$\log_4 54 = \frac{\log 54}{\log 4} = 2.877444$$

3. (5pts) If  $\log_a 3 = 1.098$  and  $\log_a 5 = 1.609$ , calculate the following values:

$$\begin{aligned} \log_a 15 &= \log_a (3 \cdot 5) \\ &= \log_a 3 + \log_a 5 \\ &= 1.098 + 1.609 \\ &= 2.707 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_a \frac{25}{3} &= \log_a 25 - \log_a 3 \\ &= \log_a 5^2 - \log_a 3 \\ &= 2 \log_a 5 - \log_a 3 \\ &= 2 \cdot 1.609 - 1.098 = 2.12 \end{aligned}$$

4. (4pts) Simplify.

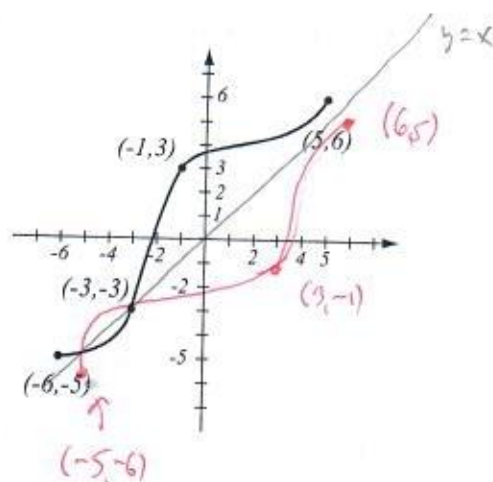
$$\ln e^{|x|-1} = |x|-1$$

$$7^{\log_7 1331} = 1331$$

5. (8pts) If you deposit \$2500 in an account bearing 4.1% interest, compounded quarterly, how much is in the account after 4 years?

$$\begin{aligned} A &= P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} = 2500 \left(1 + \frac{0.041}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 4} \\ &= 2500 \cdot 1.177.. \\ &= 2943.08 \end{aligned}$$

6. (6pts) The graph of a function  $f$  is given.
- Is this function one-to-one? Justify.
  - If the function is one-to-one, find the graph of  $f^{-1}$ , labeling the relevant points, and showing any asymptotes.



a) Yes, it passes the horizontal line test

7. (9pts) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+3}$ .
- Find the formula for  $f^{-1}$ .
  - Find the range of  $f$ .

a)  $y = \frac{x}{x+3} \quad | \cdot (x+3)$

$$y(x+3) = x$$

$$yx + 3y = x$$

$$3y = x - yx$$

$$3y = x(1-y)$$

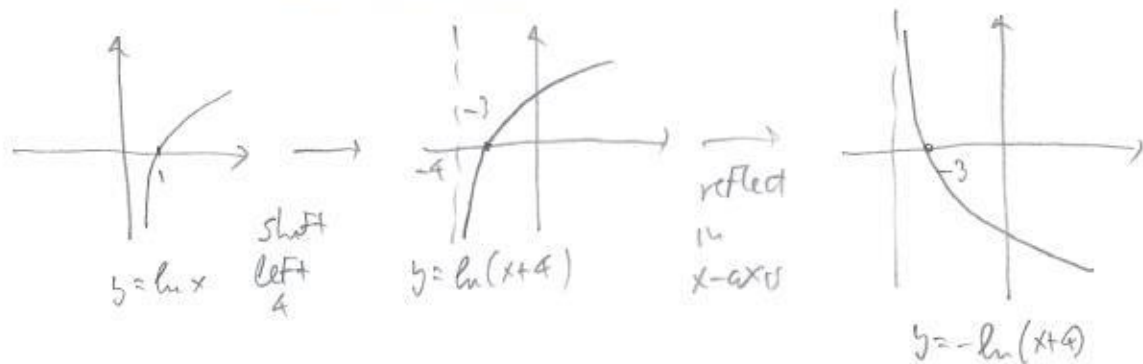
$$x = \frac{3y}{1-y} \quad f^{-1}(y) = \frac{3y}{1-y}$$

b) Range  $f = \text{domain } f^{-1}$

Can't have  $1-y=0$   
 $y=1$

Domain:  $(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

8. (6pts) Using transformations, draw the graph of  $f(x) = -\ln(x+4)$ . Explain how you transform the graph of a basic function in order to get the graph of  $f$ . Indicate at least one point on the graph and any asymptotes.



9. (12pts) Write as a sum and/or difference of logarithms. Express powers as factors. Simplify if possible.

$$\begin{aligned}\ln(e^2 x^3 \sqrt{y}) &= \ln e^2 + \ln x^3 + \ln y^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= 2 + 3 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} \ln y\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\log_3 \frac{9x^2 y^4}{xy^6} &= \log_3 9 + \log_3 x^2 + \log_3 y^4 - \log_3 x - \log_3 y^6 \\ &= 2 + 2 \log_3 x + 4 \log_3 y - \log_3 x - 6 \log_3 y \\ &= 2 + \log_3 x - 2 \log_3 y\end{aligned}$$

10. (12pts) Write as a single logarithm. Simplify if possible.

$$\begin{aligned}3 \log(w^3 z^2) + 2 \log(w^2 z^{-4}) &= \log(w^3 z^2)^3 + \log(w^2 z^{-4})^2 \\ &= \log((w^3 z^2)^3 (w^2 z^{-4})^2) \\ &= \log(w^9 z^6 w^4 z^{-8}) = \log(w^{13} z^{-2}) = \log \frac{w^{13}}{z^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}4 \log_2(x+5) + 3 \log_2(x-1) - 2 \log_2(x^2+4x-5) &= \log_2(x+5)^4 + \log_2(x-1)^3 - \log_2 \frac{(x^2+4x-5)^2}{(x+5)(x-1)} \\ &= \log_2 \frac{(x+5)^4 (x-1)^3}{((x+5)(x-1))^2} = \log_2 \frac{(x+5)^4 (x-1)^3}{(x+5)^2 (x-1)^2} = \log_2((x+5)^2 (x-1))\end{aligned}$$

Solve the equations.

11. (6pts)  $16^{2x+1} = 4^{x+3}$

$$(4^2)^{2x+1} = 4^{x+3}$$

$$4^{4x+2} = 4^{x+3}$$

$$4x+2 = x+3$$

$$3x = 1$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3}$$

12. (8pts)  $4^x = 7^{1-2x}$  |  $\ln$

$$\ln 4^x = \ln 7^{1-2x}$$

$$x \ln 4 = (1-2x) \ln 7$$

$$x \ln 4 = \ln 7 - 2x \ln 7$$

$$x \ln 4 + 2x \ln 7 = \ln 7$$

$$x(\ln 4 + 2 \ln 7) = \ln 7$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 7}{\ln 4 + 2 \ln 7} = 0.368675$$

13. (12pts) According to census data, the population of Lexington, KY, was 296,000 in 2010 and 323,000 in 2020. Assume that it has grown according to the formula  $P(t) = P_0 e^{kt}$ .

a) Find  $k$  and write the function that describes the population at time  $t$  years since 2010. Graph it on paper.

b) Find the predicted population in the year 2030.

$$a) P(t) = 296 e^{kt}$$

$$323 = P(10) = 296 e^{k \cdot 10}$$

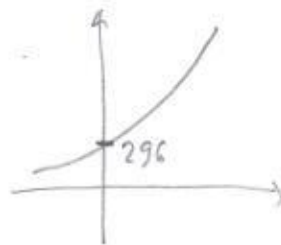
$$323 = 296 e^{k \cdot 10}$$

$$\frac{323}{296} = e^{k \cdot 10} \quad | \ln$$

$$\ln \frac{323}{296} = \ln e^{k \cdot 10}$$

$$\ln \frac{323}{296} = k \cdot 10$$

$$k = \frac{\ln \frac{323}{296}}{10} \approx 0.00872929$$



$$P(t) = 296 e^{0.00872929t}$$

$$b) P(20) = 296 e^{0.00872929 \cdot 20}$$

$$\approx 352,462838$$

About 352,000 people.

**Bonus** (10pts) Solve the equation.

$$\log_2(x-3) + \log_2(x+1) = 5$$

$$\log_2((x-3)(x+1)) = 5$$

$$2^{\log_2((x-3)(x+1))} = 2^5$$

$$(x-3)(x+1) = 32$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 3 = 32$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 35 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x+5) = 0$$

$$x = 7, -5$$

$$\log_2(-5-3) + \log_2(-5-1) = 5$$

-5 gives negative numbers  
inside log

$$\log_2(7-3) + \log_2(7+1) = 5$$

7 is ok

$x = 7$  is the solution