Calculus 3 — Exam 4 MAT 309, Spring 2021 — D. Ivanšić

Name:

Show all your work!

1. (16pts) Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle x - y, x + y \rangle$.

a) Sketch the vector field by evaluating it at 9 points (for example, a 3×3 grid).

b) Is F conservative? Now, can you justify it just by looking at the picture?

- 2. (20pts) In both cases set up and simplify the set-up, but do NOT evaluate the integral. a) $\int_C \frac{xyz}{x^2 + z^2} ds$, where C is the helix x = 3t, $y = \cos t$, $z = \sin t$, $0 \le t \le 2\pi$.
- b) $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, if $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \left\langle \frac{x-y}{x+y+4}, \frac{x+y}{x+y+4} \right\rangle$, where *C* is part of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ from point (0,3) to point (-3,0), going the short way.

3. (16pts) Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 2x, 8y \rangle$. It is easy to see that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$, where $f(x, y) = x^2 + 4y^2$. Apply the fundamental theorem for line integrals to:

a) Find $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, if C is the circle of radius 2, centered at (1,0).

b) Find $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, if C is a curve from (0,0) to (1,2). (Why is the curve not specified?)

c) Sketch the directions of the vector field \mathbf{F} by exploiting the function f. Very little computation is needed here.

4. (18pts) Consider the region D inside the triangle with vertices (0,0), (2,0) and (2,1). a) Draw the region.

b) Use Green's theorem to find the line integral $\int_C (y \cos x - xy \sin x) dx + (xy + x \cos x) dy$, where C is the boundary of the region D, traversed counterclockwise. (Scary-looking, but it's not!)

5. (10pts) Suppose a particle moves in the velocity field $\mathbf{v}(x, y) = \langle x^2 - y^2, xy \rangle$. If it is at point (1,3) at time t = 2, estimate its location at time t = 2.1.

- 6. (20pts) Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \left\langle \frac{2x}{x^2 + y}, e^y + \frac{1}{x^2 + y} \right\rangle$. a) Find the domain of f: it has two parts, and consider the part that contains (0, 1). b) Compute $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y}$.
- c) Is **F** is conservative? Your justification should say something about the domain.
- d) If the field is conservative, find its potential function.

Bonus. (10pts) Pictured is a spring 2020 friend from calculus 2, the curve parametrized by $x(t) = t^3 - 12t$, $y(t) = -t^2 - 2t + 8$. Use Green's theorem to find the area of the loop.

