

1. (8pts) Peter would like to have \$3000 for a living room furniture set. How much should he deposit now in an account bearing 4.3%, compounded monthly, in order to have the desired amount in three years? How much of the \$3000 came from interest?

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$3000 = P \left(1 + \frac{0.043}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 3}$$

He deposits \$2637.53 now

$$3000 - 2637.53 = 362.47$$

$$3000 = P \cdot 1.13 \dots$$

\$362.47 is from interest.

$$P = \frac{3000}{1.13 \dots} = 2637.53$$

2. (6pts) Bank of Nashville is offering a 2.36% interest rate on a savings account that is compounded quarterly, while Memphis Bank has an account at 2.35%, compounded daily. Which account is the better deal?

$$Y = \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^n - 1$$

$$Y_1 = \left(1 + \frac{0.0236}{4}\right)^4 - 1 = 0.0238069 \leftarrow \text{more, so better deal, } 2.381\% \text{ APY}$$

$$Y_2 = \left(1 + \frac{0.0235}{365}\right)^{365} - 1 = 0.0237775$$

2.378% APY

3. (10pts) You deposited \$1000 into an account bearing 3.5%, compounded quarterly. After three years, the interest rate increased to 4.5%, compounded quarterly, which inspired you to add another \$1500 to the account. How much is in the account five years after your first deposit?

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$A = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.035}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 3} = 1000 \cdot 1.11 \dots = 1110.20 \leftarrow \text{add } \$1500 \text{ to this to get new principal}$$

$$A = 2610.20 \left(1 + \frac{0.045}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 2} = 2610.20 \cdot 1.09 \dots = \$2854.58$$

at the end of 5 years

4. (10pts) To save for a garage addition to their home in seven years (approximate cost \$40,000), a family makes monthly deposits into an account bearing 5.1%, compounded monthly.

a) How much should the family deposit every month to reach their goal?

b) How much would they earn in interest over the seven years?

$$A = P \frac{(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt} - 1}{\frac{r}{n}} \quad P = \frac{40,000}{100.695} = 397.24$$

$$40,000 = P \cdot \frac{(1 + \frac{0.051}{12})^{12 \cdot 7} - 1}{\frac{0.051}{12}}$$

$$40,000 = P \cdot 100.695$$

Deposit \$397.24 monthly to reach goal
 Total deposits = $397.24 \cdot 12 \cdot 7 = \$33,368.16$

Interest earned: $40,000 - 33,368.16 = \$6,631.84$

5. (16pts) At age 24, Serena got a good job and started contributing \$300 a month to a retirement account. After 8 years, she left this job for a better-paying one, so she was able to contribute \$500 a month to a retirement account. Suppose the account grew all the time at rate 8%, compounded monthly.

a) How much is in the account when Serena is 43?

$$24 + 8 = 32, \quad 43 - 32 = 11$$

b) How much of it was from deposits, and how much from interest?

a) Accumulation of 8 years of \$300 deposits:

$$A = P \frac{(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt} - 1}{\frac{r}{n}} = 300 \cdot \frac{(1 + \frac{0.08}{12})^{12 \cdot 8} - 1}{\frac{0.08}{12}} = 300 \cdot 133.86 = 40,160.57$$

This amount sits in account for 11 years as a one-time deposit
 $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt} = 40,160.57 \cdot (1 + \frac{0.08}{12})^{12 \cdot 11}$
 $= 40,160.57 \cdot 2.90 = 96,540.76$

Accumulation of 11 years of \$500 deposits:

$$A = 500 \frac{(1 + \frac{0.08}{12})^{12 \cdot 11} - 1}{\frac{0.08}{12}} = 500 \cdot 210.58 = 105,290.20$$

Total is 201,830.96

$$b) \text{ Total deposits: } 300 \cdot 12 \cdot 8 + 500 \cdot 12 \cdot 11 = 94,800 \quad \text{Total interest: } 107,030.96$$

6. (10pts) You bought a home for \$140,000, and fifteen years later, you sold it for \$223,000. Assuming annual compounding, at what annual rate did this investment grow?

$$A = P(1 + r)^{nt}$$

$$223,000 = 140,000(1 + r)^{1 \cdot 15}$$

$$\frac{223,000}{140,000} = (1 + r)^{15}$$

$$1.59... = (1 + r)^{15} \quad | \sqrt[15]{}$$

$$1.031... = 1 + r \quad | -1$$

$$r = 0.0315219$$

Annual rate: 3.15219%