

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{P(E)}{1-P(E)} \quad P(E) = \frac{a}{a+b} \text{ where odds in favor of } E \text{ are } a : b \quad P(B|A) = \frac{n(A \text{ and } B)}{n(A)}$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) \text{ (if } A \text{ and } B \text{ are mutually exclusive)}$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A) \quad P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B) \text{ if } A \text{ and } B \text{ are independent}$$

$$E = P_1 \cdot A_1 + P_2 \cdot A_2 + \dots + P_n \cdot A_n$$

1. (6pts) You and a friend decide to send messages in 4-character codes containing one of 29 emojis, numbers 0-9 and capital letters. How many messages are possible, if they start with a letter, the second character is an emoji, and the third character is a number, while the fourth character can be anything?

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} \\ 26 & 29 & 10 & 65 = 26 + 29 + 10 \end{array}$$

$$26 \cdot 29 \cdot 10 \cdot 65 = 490,100$$

2. (6pts) A car manufacturer offers several ways to customize a certain model of a car: You can choose from 5 types of wheels, 4 interior colors, 8 exterior colors, and 3 accessory packages. Assuming the accessory package is optional, how many versions of this model can you order?

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} & \overline{\uparrow} \\ 5 & 4 & 8 & 4 \text{ (3+1 for nothing chosen)} \end{array}$$

$$5 \cdot 4 \cdot 8 \cdot 4 = 640$$

3. (10pts) The table shows the offerings of jeans in a store. What is the probability, in fraction form, that a random pair of jeans from this store:

- is ripped?
- is not ripped and skinny?
- is ripped or straight leg?
- is not ripped, given it is bell bottom?
- is straight leg, given it is ripped?

Type	Ripped	Not ripped	Total
bell bottom	2	3	5
skinny	4	5	9
straight leg	7	9	16
Total	13	17	30

$$a) \frac{13}{30} \quad b) \frac{5}{30} = \frac{1}{6} \quad c) \frac{2+4+7+9}{30} = \frac{22}{30} = \frac{11}{15} \quad d) \frac{3}{5} \quad e) \frac{7}{13}$$

4. (4pts) Suppose the odds in favor of all leaves falling from a particular tree by Nov. 1st are 3-to-7.   
*3 ways it happens, 7 ways it doesn't, 10 total*

a) What is the probability of all leaves falling from the tree by Nov. 1st?

b) What is the probability of some leaves remaining on the tree after Nov. 1st?

$$\frac{3}{10} \quad \frac{7}{10}$$

5. (20pts) Write the probabilities and odds against and in favor of the following events (you can show any work needed below):

Event	probability	odds against	odds in favor
a) Drawing a picture card from a deck of cards	$\frac{12}{52} = \frac{3}{13}$	40:12 = 10:3	12:40 = 3:10
b) Getting an even number on a roll of a die	$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$	3:3 = 1:1	3:3 = 1:1
c) Getting exactly one head on two coin tosses	$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$	2:2 = 1:1	2:2 = 1:1
d) Drawing a red queen or a black jack from a deck of cards	$\frac{4}{52} = \frac{1}{13}$	48:4 = 12:1	4:48 = 1:12
e) Getting sum 8 or number 5 on the first die on a roll of two dice	$\frac{10}{36} = \frac{5}{18}$	26:10 = 13:5	10:26 = 5:13

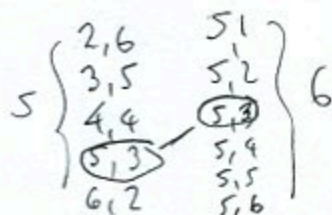
c)  $HH, HT, TH, TT$

d)  $\frac{2}{52} + \frac{2}{52} = \frac{4}{52}$

e)  $P(\text{sum } 8 \text{ OR } 5 \text{ on 1st})$

$$= P(\text{sum } 8) + P(5 \text{ on 1st}) - P(\text{sum } 8 \text{ and } 5 \text{ on 1st})$$

$$= \frac{5}{36} + \frac{6}{36} - \frac{1}{36} = \frac{10}{36} = \frac{5}{18}$$



6. (12pts) The hot dog section of the supermarket refrigerator offers 24 products: 14 products contain beef, 7 products contain pork and 3 products contain both ingredients. If a product is randomly selected from the refrigerator, what is the probability it

a) contains pork or beef?

b) contains neither pork nor beef?

a)  $P(\text{pork OR beef}) = P(\text{pork}) + P(\text{beef}) - P(\text{pork AND beef})$

$$= \frac{7}{24} + \frac{14}{24} - \frac{3}{24} = \frac{18}{24} = \frac{3}{4}$$

b)  $P(\text{neither pork nor beef}) = 1 - P(\text{pork or beef}) = 1 - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

7. (12pts) A game of chance works like this: a player pays \$2 to pick a card at random from a 52-card deck. If the queen of hearts is picked, the player wins \$43. If a jack or king is picked, the player wins \$6. If any other card is picked, the player wins nothing.

- Determine the player's expected value.
- If the player plays this game 20 times, how much do they expect to win or lose?
- What is the fair price of this game?

a)

Outcomes (net gain)	prob.
queen♥ 41	$\frac{1}{52}$
Jack 4	$\frac{8}{52}$
other card -2	$\frac{43}{52}$

b)  $20 \cdot (-\frac{1}{4}) = -5$   
expect to lose \$5

c)  $-\frac{1}{4} + 2 = 1.75$

$$E = 41 \cdot \frac{1}{52} + 4 \cdot \frac{8}{52} + (-2) \cdot \frac{43}{52} = \frac{41 + 32 - 86}{52} = -\frac{13}{52} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

8. (14pts) Simone has a 20-mile commute to school on a country two-lane road. On one trip to school, there is a 25% chance she is slowed down by farm equipment, and a 30% chance she is slowed down by a truck. Assume that encountering farm equipment or trucks on the road are independent events. What is the probability that:

- on a trip to school, she is slowed down by a truck and by farm equipment?
- on a trip to school, she is slowed down by farm equipment, but not by a truck?
- on a trip to school, she is slowed down by at least one type of vehicle?

a)  $P(\text{truck AND farm}) = P(\text{truck}) \cdot P(\text{farm}) = 0.3 \cdot 0.25 = 0.075$

b)  $P(\text{farm AND not truck}) = P(\text{farm}) \cdot P(\text{not truck}) = 0.25 \cdot 0.7 = 0.175$

c)  $P(\text{slowed by at least one}) = 1 - P(\text{slowed by none})$   
 $= 1 - P(\text{not truck AND not farm})$   
 $= 1 - P(\text{not truck}) \cdot P(\text{not farm})$   
 $= 1 - 0.7 \cdot 0.75 = 1 - 0.525 = 0.475$

9. (16pts) Suppose a gladiator chooses at random two animals to fight from a group with 13 crocodiles and 9 bulls. What is the probability that

- a) The second one is a bull, if the first one is a bull?  
 b) The first is a crocodile, and the second is a bull?  
 c) The two animals are the same?

22 animals

$$a) P(\text{2nd bull} | \text{1st bull}) = \frac{8}{21}$$

$$b) P(\text{1st croc AND 2nd bull}) = P(\text{1st croc}) P(\text{2nd bull} | \text{1st croc}) \\ = \frac{13}{22} \cdot \frac{9}{21} = \frac{39}{154}$$

$$c) P(\text{two animals same}) = P(\text{1st bull AND 2nd bull}) \text{ OR } ( \text{1st croc AND 2nd croc} ) \\ = P(\text{1st bull AND 2nd bull}) + P(\text{1st croc AND 2nd croc}) \\ = P(\text{1st bull}) P(\text{2nd bull} | \text{1st bull}) + P(\text{1st croc}) P(\text{2nd croc} | \text{1st croc}) \\ = \frac{9}{22} \cdot \frac{8}{21} + \frac{13}{22} \cdot \frac{12}{21} = \frac{12}{77} + \frac{26}{77} = \frac{38}{77}$$

**Bonus.** (10pts) Three dice are rolled: red, white and green. Write the number of outcomes of this experiment and compute the probability that the sum on the red and white dice is 5 or the sum on the white and green dice is 6.

$$P(R+W=5 \text{ OR } W+G=6) = P(R+W=5) + P(W+G=6) - P(R+W=5 \text{ AND } W+G=6)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R & W & G \\ \hline & & \\ \hline G & G & G \end{array}$$

$6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 216$   
outcomes

$\overline{\overline{4}} \quad \overline{6}$	$\overline{6} \quad \overline{\overline{5}}$	1,5	$\overline{\overline{1,4,2}}$	}
1,4	6	2,4	2,3,3	
2,3	6	3,3	3,2,4	
3,2	6	4,2	4,1,5	
4,1	6	5,1		

$$= \frac{4 \cdot 6}{216} + \frac{6 \cdot 5}{216} - \frac{4}{216} \\ = \frac{24 + 30 - 4}{216} = \frac{50}{216} = \frac{25}{108}$$