

Simplify, so that the answer is in form $a + bi$.

1. (4pts) $(2 + 3i)(1 - i) - i(4 - 5i) = 2 + 3i - 2i - 3i^2 - (4i - 5i^2)$
 $= 5 + i - 4i + 5i^2 = -3i$

2. (6pts) $\frac{4+i}{2-3i} = \frac{4+i}{2-3i} \cdot \frac{2+3i}{2+3i} = \frac{8+2i+12i+3i^2}{2^2-(3i)^2} = \frac{5+14i}{4-(-9)}$
 $= \frac{5+14i}{13} = \frac{5}{13} + \frac{14}{13}i$

3. (4pts) Simplify and justify your answer.

$i^{85} = i^{84} \cdot i = (i^4)^{21} \cdot i = 1 \cdot i = i$

4. (8pts) The water level of a river above normal (in feet) is given by $H(x) = -x^2 + 14x - 9$, where x is the number of days after October 28th.

- a) On what dates was the water level 24 feet above normal?
 b) On what date did the water level peak?

a) $-x^2 + 14x - 9 = 24$ $x = 3, 11$ days after Oct 28th
 $-x^2 + 14x - 33 = 0$
 $x^2 - 14x + 33 = 0$
 $(x-11)(x-3) = 0$
 Dates are: Oct 31st, Nov 8th

b) Need vertex $h = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{14}{2(-1)} = 7$ 7 days after Oct 28th is Nov 4th

5. (8pts) Solve the equation: $x^6 - 3x^3 - 40 = 0$

Let $u = x^3$ $(x^3)^2 - 3x^3 - 40 = 0$ substitute in form $u = 8, -5$
 $u^2 - 3u - 40 = 0$ $x^3 = 8$ or $x^3 = -5$
 $(u-8)(u+5) = 0$ $x = 2$ or $x = -\sqrt[3]{5}$

6. (6pts) Solve by completing the square.

$x^2 - 12x + 8 = 0$ $+ 6^2$ $(x-6)^2 = 36 - 8$ $x = 6 \pm 2\sqrt{7}$
 $x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot 6 + 6^2 + 8 = 6^2$ $(x-6)^2 = 28$
 $x-6 = \pm\sqrt{28}$
 4.7

7. (12pts) The quadratic function $f(x) = -x^2 + 2x - 7$ is given. Do the following without using the calculator.

a) Find the x -intercepts of its graph, if any. Find the y -intercept.

b) Find the vertex of the graph.

c) Sketch the graph of the function.

$$a) -x^2 + 2x - 7 = 0 \quad x\text{-int}$$

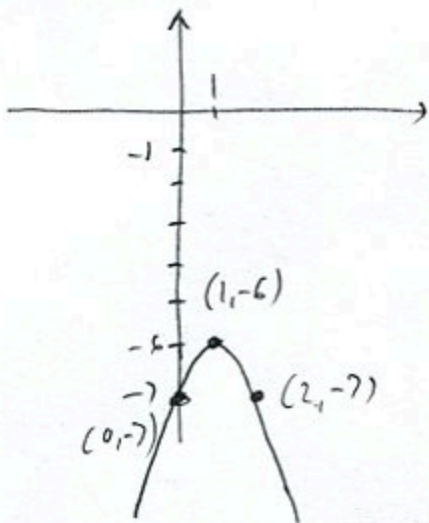
$$x^2 - 2x + 7 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 7}}{2}$$

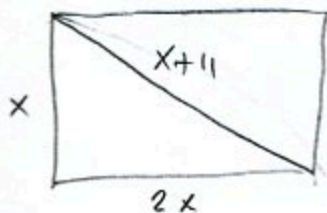
$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-24}}{2} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{no real sol.} \\ \text{so no} \\ \text{x-int} \end{array}$$

$$b) h = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{2}{2 \cdot (-1)} = 1$$

$$k = f(1) = -1 + 2 - 7 = -6$$



8. (12pts) In a rectangle, one side is twice as long as another side, and the diagonal is 11 meters longer than the shorter side. What are the dimensions of the rectangle?



$$x^2 + (2x)^2 = (x+11)^2$$

$$x^2 + 4x^2 = x^2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot 11 + 11^2$$

$$5x^2 = x^2 + 22x + 121$$

$$4x^2 - 22x - 121 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-22) \pm \sqrt{(-22)^2 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot (-121)}}{2 \cdot 4}$$

$$= \frac{22 \pm \sqrt{484 + 1936}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{22 \pm \sqrt{2420}}{8} = \frac{22 \pm 2\sqrt{605}}{8} = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{605}}{4} = \frac{11 \pm 11\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

Since $\frac{11 - 11\sqrt{5}}{4}$ is negative, it's not possible for x ($x \geq 0$)

$$\text{Thus, } x = \frac{11 + 11\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$\text{Dimensions: } \frac{11 + 11\sqrt{5}}{4} \text{ by } \frac{11 + 11\sqrt{5}}{2}$$