

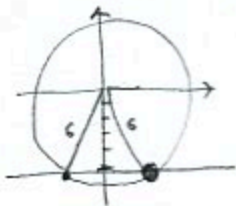
1. (9pts) If  $\csc \theta = -\frac{6}{5}$  and  $\theta$  is in the fourth quadrant, find the exact values of all the trigonometric functions of  $\theta$ . Draw a picture.

$$\csc \theta = -\frac{6}{5}$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{5}{6} = \frac{-5}{6} = \frac{y}{r}$$

$$x^2 + (-5)^2 = 6^2$$

$$x^2 = 11 \quad x = \pm\sqrt{11}, \quad x = \sqrt{11} \text{ due to 4th Quad.}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{11}}{6}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{6}{\sqrt{11}}$$

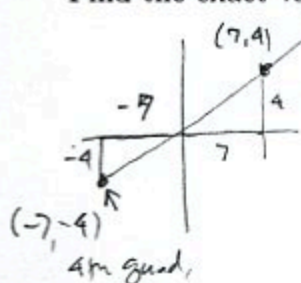
$$\sin \theta = -\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\csc \theta = -\frac{6}{5}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-5}{\sqrt{11}} = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{11}}$$

$$\cot \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{11}}{5}$$

2. (7pts) The terminal side of angle  $\theta$  is in the third quadrant and lies on the line  $4x - 7y = 0$ . Find the exact values of  $\cos \theta$  and  $\tan \theta$ . Draw a picture.



$$4x - 7y = 0$$

$$y = -\frac{4x}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{4}{7}x$$

$$r^2 = 7^2 + 4^2$$

$$r^2 = 65$$

$$r = \sqrt{65}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{-7}{\sqrt{65}} = -\frac{7}{\sqrt{65}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-4}{-7} = \frac{4}{7}$$

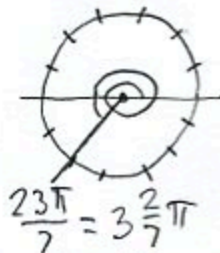
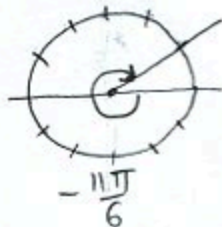
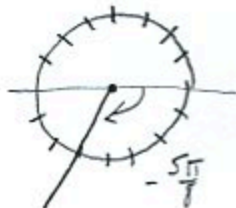
3. (8pts) Sketch angles in standard position with indicated radian measure.

$$\frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$-\frac{5\pi}{8}$$

$$-\frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\frac{23\pi}{7}$$



4. (8pts) Indicate both the radian and degree measure under the following angles. (Use equally-spaced lines to help you determine what the angles are.)



$$-\frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$-135^\circ$$



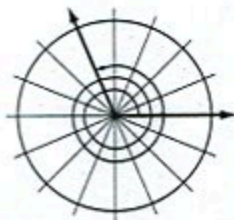
$$\frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$210^\circ$$



$$-\frac{2\pi}{5}$$

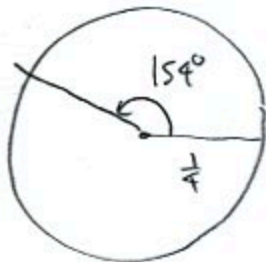
$$-72^\circ$$



$$2 \cdot 2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{8} = \frac{37\pi}{8}$$

$$720^\circ + 112.5^\circ = 832.5^\circ$$

5. (8pts) A circular irrigation system with radius  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile rotates  $11^\circ$  in an hour. How far in miles has the part on the rim traveled, if the system has worked 14 hours?

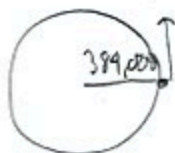


In 14 hours it rotates  $14 \cdot 11 = 154^\circ$

$$154^\circ = \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} \cdot 154 = \frac{77\pi}{90} \text{ radians}$$

$$s = r\theta = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{77\pi}{90} \text{ radians} = \frac{77\pi}{360} \text{ mi} = 0.671952 \text{ miles}$$

6. (8pts) If we approximate Moon's path by a circle (it is really an ellipse), it rotates around earth along a circle of radius 384,000 kilometers once every 27.321661 days. What is its linear speed in kilometers per second?



$$v = r\omega = 384,000 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{27.321661} = 88,308.80223 \text{ km/day}$$

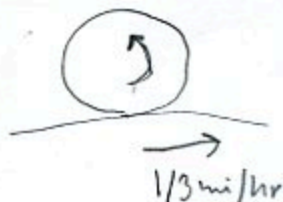
$$= \frac{88,308.80223 \text{ km}}{24 \cdot 3600 \text{ s}} = 1.0220923 \text{ km/s}$$

↑  
seconds in a day

7. (12pts) A wheel of radius 4in sits on a conveyor belt, which makes it rotate. The conveyor belt moves at  $\frac{1}{3}$  mile per hour.

a) What is the angular speed of the wheel, in radians per second?

b) How many revolutions per hour does the wheel make?



$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } v &= r\omega \text{ so } \omega = \frac{v}{r} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \text{ mi/hr}}{4 \text{ in}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot 5280 \cdot 12 \text{ in}}{4 \cdot 3600 \text{ sec}} = \\ &= \frac{5280 \cdot 12}{12 \cdot 3600} = \frac{528}{360} = 1.466667 \text{ rad/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \frac{528}{360} \text{ rad/s} &= \frac{528}{360} \cdot 3600 \text{ rad/hr} = \frac{5280}{2\pi} \text{ rev/hr} \\ &= 840.3381 \text{ rev/hr} \end{aligned}$$