Mathematical Concepts — Joysheet 6 MAT 117, Spring 2012 — D. Ivanšić

Soul Ocean Name:

 (10pts) A retiree counts vehicles passing on a road by his house over several Tuesday afternoons. He obtains the following results:

Vehicle	car	SUV	minivan
In-state	35	45	21
Out-of-state	12	13	17

If a random vehicle is observed on a Tuesday afternoon, what is the empirical probability that it is a) an SUV? b) an in-state vehicle? c) an out-of-state car? d) not a car?

a)
$$\frac{45+13}{193} = \frac{58}{193}$$
 b) $\frac{35+45+21}{193} = \frac{101}{193}$ c) $\frac{1120+12}{193} = \frac{41}{193}$ d) $1 - \frac{35+12}{193}$

$$(4) \frac{35+45+21}{143} = \frac{101}{143}$$

c)
$$\frac{12}{143}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{47}{143} = \frac{143 - 47}{143} = \frac{96}{143}$$

(20pts) Write the probabilities and odds against and in favor of the following events (show any work needed below):

Event	probability	odds against	odds in favor
a) Getting a head on a coin toss	1/2	111	12.)
b) Drawing an even-number-card from a deck of cards	20 = 5 52 = 13	32:20=8:5	5:8
c) Drawing a red face card from a deck of cards	52 - 26	46:6 = 23:3	3:23
d) Getting at most one head on three coin tosses	4= 2	4:4=1:1	[+]
e) Getting sum divisible by 4 on a roll of two dice	36 = 4	27:9 = 3:1	113

(4pts) The odds in favor of an ice storm in January are 2-to-11. P(ia)= 13 a) What is the probability an ice storm occurs in January? b) What is the probability there is no ice storm in January? P(no ia)= 13

(4pts) 15% of all weddings happen in June.

a) What are the odds against a random wedding taking place in June?

b) What are the odds in favor of a random wedding taking place in June?

hayers: 15 a) 85:15=17:3 doenit! 85 6)3117

(12pts) Two dice are rolled. What is the probability that

a) you got sum 1 or 11?

b) you got sum in range 4–6 or both of the numbers are even?

c) at least one of the numbers is different from 3 or 5.

a)
$$P(sum | or sum | 1) = P(sum |) + P(sum | 1) = 0 + \frac{2}{36} = \frac{1}{18}$$

mutually excl. O $sist = \frac{5}{6}$, $sist = \frac{1}{18}$
b) $P(sum | sist = 6 \text{ or both even}) = P(sum | sist = 6) + P(both even}) - P(sum | sist = 6 \text{ AND both even})$

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 (10pts) In a certain big city, 65% of all companies have done business with a partner in Asia or Europe, 45% have done business with an Asian partner and 35% have done it with a European partner. What is the probability that a randomly chosen company from this city

a) has done business both with an Asian and a European partner?

b) has not done business with either an Asian or a European partner?