

1. (8pts) The price of a digital music player was marked down 20%. If its cost is now \$130, what was its original price?

Current price = 80% of original price

Let x = original price

$$0.8x = 130 \quad | \div 0.8$$

$$x = \frac{130}{0.8} = 162.50$$

Original price was

\$162.50

2. (6pts) Sarah deposited \$1500 in an account bearing a simple annual interest rate of 3.25%. How much does she have in the account after five months?

$$A = P(1 + rt) = 1500 \left(1 + 0.0325 \cdot \frac{5}{12} \right) = 1500 \cdot (1.013541\ldots)$$

$$= \$1520.31$$

3. (12pts) On October 25th, Jared bought an engagement ring for \$1300. He put 10% down, and the rest he financed with a 120-day loan with a simple interest rate of 9%.

a) When is the loan due?

b) If on December 15th, Jared makes a partial payment of \$500, how much does he owe on the due date?

a) 120 days \approx 4 months

Oct. 25 + 4mo \approx Feb. 25th

Days from Oct 25 to Feb 25:

$$\text{Oct } 6 = 31 - 25$$

Nov 30

Dec 31

Jan 31

Feb 25

$$\hline 123$$

120 days from Oct 25th

is Feb 22nd

1) 10% of 1300 is 130 so rest is

$$1300 - 130 = 1170 \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{amount} \\ \text{financed} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \text{Oct 25} & & \text{Dec 15} & & & \text{Feb 22} \\ & | & & | & & & | \\ & 51 & & 69 & & & \\ & \hline & & & & & & \end{array}$$

Days from Oct 25 to Dec 15: Interest from Oct 25 to Dec 15:

Oct 6

Nov 30

Dec 15

$$\hline 51$$

$$i = 1170 \cdot 0.09 \cdot \frac{51}{360}$$

$$= 14.92$$

$$500 - 14.92 = 485.08 \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{gas toward} \\ \text{principal} \end{array}$$

New principal on Dec 15th = 684.92

Interest from Dec 15 to Feb 22 (120 - 51 = 69 days)

$$i = 684.92 \cdot 0.09 \cdot \frac{69}{360} = 11.81$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 684.92 \\ 11.81 \\ \hline 696.73 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{due on} \\ \text{due date} \end{array}$$

4. (8pts) The Watsons would like to buy a \$17,000 car sometime in the near future. How much should they deposit now in an account bearing 3.675%, compounded quarterly, in order to have the required amount in two years?

$$A = p \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$17000 = p \left(1 + \frac{0.03675}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 2}$$

$$17000 = p \cdot 1.0759 \quad | \div 1.0759$$

$$p = \frac{17000}{1.0759} = 15800.62$$

5. (13pts) Aunt Polly suddenly remembered that, three-and-a-half years ago, she deposited \$2000 into an account that compounds daily. She checked the balance and found \$2500 in the account. What is the annual interest rate on this account? (Assume 360 days in a year.)

$$A = p \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$2500 = 2000 \left(1 + \frac{r}{360}\right)^{360 \cdot 3.5} \quad | \div 2000$$

$$1.00017714 = 1 + \frac{r}{360} \quad | -1$$

$$0.00017714 = \frac{r}{360} \quad | \cdot 360$$

$$\frac{2500}{2000} = \left(1 + \frac{r}{360}\right)^{1260}$$

$$0.063760 = r$$

$$1.25 = \left(1 + \frac{r}{360}\right)^{1260} \quad | \sqrt[1260]{}$$

$$r = 6.376095\%$$

$$\sqrt[1260]{1.25} = 1 + \frac{r}{360}$$

6. (13pts) You have the opportunity to invest in an account that bears 9% interest, compounded quarterly. How long will it take for your money to double?

$$A = p \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

$$\log 2 = \log (1.0225)^{4t}$$

$$2p = p \left(1 + \frac{0.09}{4}\right)^{4t} \quad | \div p$$

$$\log 2 = 4t \log (1.0225) \quad | \div 4 \log (1.0225)$$

$$2 = (1.0225)^{4t} \quad | \log$$

$$t = \frac{\log 2}{4 \log (1.0225)} = 7.79 \text{ years}$$