

$$\text{angle} = (\text{relative frequency}) \cdot 360^\circ \quad Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$\mu = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_n}{n} \quad \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{(x_1 - \mu)^2 + (x_2 - \mu)^2 + \cdots + (x_n - \mu)^2}{n}}$$

$$\mu = \frac{f_1x_1 + f_2x_2 + \cdots + f_nx_n}{f_1 + f_2 + \cdots + f_n} \quad \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{f_1(x_1 - \mu)^2 + f_2(x_2 - \mu)^2 + \cdots + f_n(x_n - \mu)^2}{f_1 + f_2 + \cdots + f_n}}$$

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1. (10pts) A middle school basketball team played 8 games. The numbers of points they scored in those games are 36, 76, 45, 46, 113, 63, 34 and 35.

- Find the team's median score.
- Find the team's mean score.
- Find the standard deviation of scores.

**2.** (13pts) A Calculus 1 class had the final grades given in the table. Assume the usual association of grades with numbers (A=4, B=3, C=2, D=1, E=0).

- a) What is the mode grade?
- b) Find the median.
- c) Find the mean.
- d) Find the standard deviation.

Grade	Frequency
A	6
B	3
C	5
D	4
E	4

**3.** (10pts) The number of people living in each house of a particular neighborhood is shown below.

- a) Find the relative frequencies for each class.
- b) Find the appropriate angles and draw a pie chart for the data.
- c) Estimate the mean (find representative values first).

People in house	Number of houses	Relative frequency	Angle	Representative value
12-14	3			
9-11	6			
6-8	36			
3-5	74			
0-2	45			

**4.** (10pts) Compute the following probabilities for a standard normal distribution. Draw a picture showing which area you are computing.

a)  $P(Z < 0.35)$

b)  $P(1.5 \leq Z)$

5. (7pts) Scores on the mathematics SAT test in 1997 were approximately normally distributed with mean 511 and standard deviation 112. What percentage of scores lies in the range 400–600? Draw a picture showing which area you are computing.

**Bonus.** (5pts) In a standard normal distribution, which score falls at the 40th percentile?