Name : ___

TO RECEIVE FULL CREDIT YOU MUST SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.

1. Use the limit definition to find the derivative of $f(x) = x^2 + 9x$.

2. Let f(x) be the function whose graph is shown in Figure 1. Show that f'(5) does not exits.

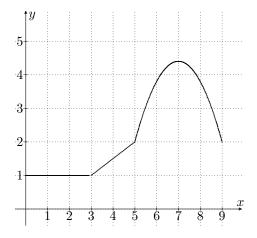
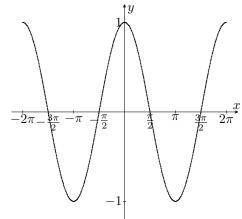


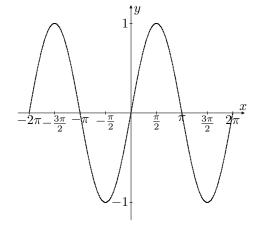
Figure 1: Graph of f(x)

3. At what rate is the cube root $\sqrt[3]{x}$ changing with respect to x when x = 27?

Calculus 1

4. Figure 2 shows f, f' and f''. Determine which is which.





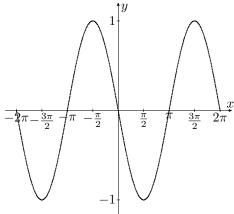


Figure 2:

5. Calculate the second and third derivatives of the function $y = e^x \cos x$.

6. Calculate the derivative of the following functions:

•
$$g(z) = 7z^{-3} + z^2 + 5$$

$$f(s) = \sqrt[4]{s} + \sqrt[3]{s}$$

•
$$f(x) = (x^4 - 4)(x^2 + x + 1)$$

•
$$h(x) = (x^{3/2}(2x^4 - 3x + x^{-1/2})$$

•
$$h(t) = \frac{t^3 + 1}{t^4 + t^2}$$

Calculus 1

7. Compute the derivative of the functions:

•
$$f(\theta) = e^{-\theta} \cos^2 \theta$$

•
$$h(x) = \frac{x}{\sin x + 2}$$

•
$$y = (\sqrt{x+1} - 1)^{3/2}$$

$$\bullet \ y = \sqrt{\sqrt{x+1} + 1}$$

•
$$y = \cos(te^{-2t})$$

•
$$y = \tan(e^{5-6x})$$