

September 10, 2010

Note Title

9/10/2010

Equation of a straight line

Slope-intercept form:  $y = mx + b$

where  $m$  is the slope

$b$  is the  $y$ -intercept.

### Example

Find the equation of line that has slope  $\frac{2}{3}$  and

$y$ -intercept  $(0, 2)$ .

$y = mx + b$  Find  $m$  and  $b$ :

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$$

### Example

point-slope:  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$\text{point } (x_1, y_1) = (-1, 2)$$

$$\text{slope } m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Equation:

$$y - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - (-1))$$

In slope intercept form:

$$y = 2 - \frac{1}{2}(x + 1)$$

$$y = 2 - \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Slope } m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}}$$

Intercept  $(0, \frac{3}{2})$

### Example

Find the equation of the line through the points  $(-2, -1)$  and  $(3, 2)$ .

Need

- Slope <sup>find</sup>

- point ✓

$$\text{Slope } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{2 - (-1)}{3 - (-2)} = \frac{2 + 1}{3 + 2} = \frac{3}{5}$$

Equation of line :

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{point-slope}$$

$$y - (-1) = \frac{3}{5}(x - (-2))$$

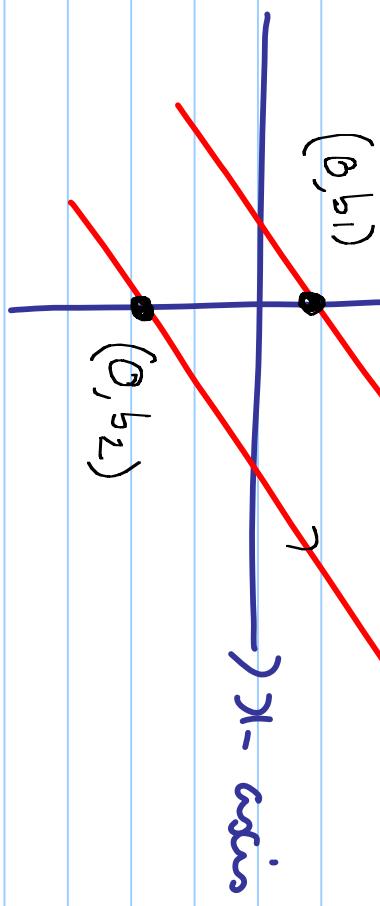
$$y + 1 = \frac{3}{5}(x + 2)$$

## Parallel lines

$$y = m_1 x + b_1$$

$$y = m_2 x + b_2$$

$$\text{slope } m_1 = m_2$$



## Example

Are  $-x + 3y = -3$  &  $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 6$  parallel?

Question: Do they have the same slope?

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - 6 \quad \text{Slope } m = \frac{1}{3}$$

$-x + 3y = -3$  write in slope-intercept form.

$$3y = x - 3$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$$

$$y = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}x - 1 \quad \text{Slope } m = \frac{1}{3}$$

The two lines are parallel.

## Example

Given line:  $y = 3x + 1$

want equation of line through  $(1, 1)$  parallel  
to the given line.

know: The two lines have the same slope.

so slope  $m = 3$

Equation of line: point-slope.

Slope-intercept

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = 3(x - 1)$$

$$y = 3x + b$$

Find  $b$ .

Need point!!  $(x_1, y_1)$

$$y - 1 = 3x - 3$$

$$1 = 3(1) + b$$
$$1 = 3 + b$$

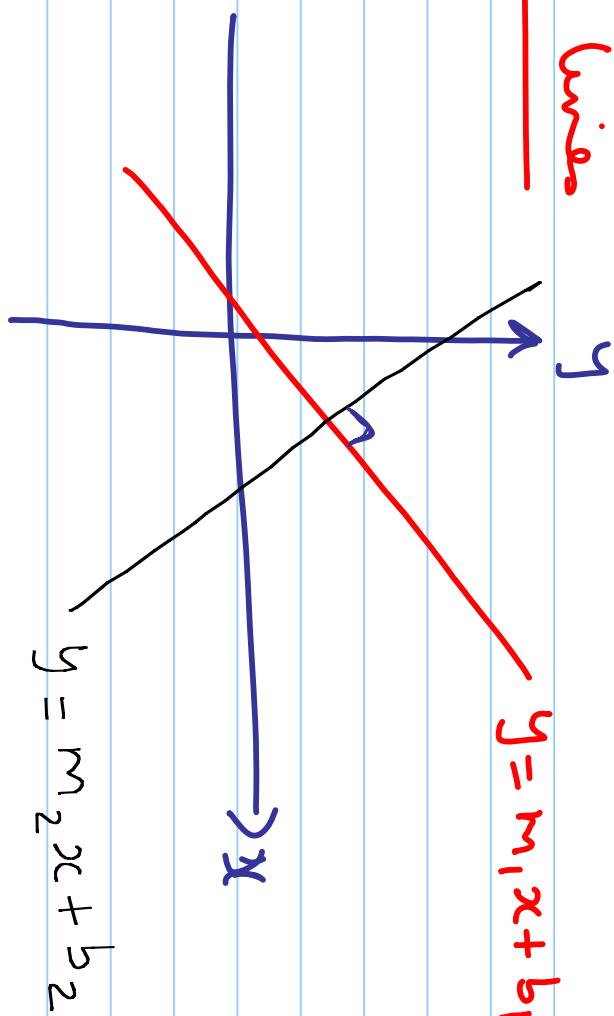
Slope-Intercept  
 $y = 3x - 2$

$$\text{So } \boxed{y = 3x - 2}$$

$$\boxed{-2 = b}$$

Perpendicular Lines

$$m_2 = -\frac{1}{m_1}$$



$$y = m_2 x + b_2$$

## Example

Find the equation of the line that passes through the point  $(3, 0)$  and is perpendicular to the line

$$y = 3x + 1$$

Slope of  $y = 3x + 1$  is  $m = 3$ .

Slope of  $\perp$  line is  $m_2 = -\frac{1}{3}$

Equation of  $\perp$  line :  $y - y_1 = m_2(x - x_1)$

$$y - 0 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}(x-3)$$

## Applications

$$[y = mx + b]$$

Let  $C$  be the cost

$t$  be the amount of time to do the job.

Service charge follows a linear equation

$$C = mt + b$$

where  $m$  &  $b$  are constant.

Have two points:  $(2, 100)$     $(3, 300)$

$$\text{Slope } m = \frac{300 - 100}{3 - 2} = 200$$

$$y = 200t + b$$

↑  
need

Substitute in one of the points

$$100 = 200(2) + b$$

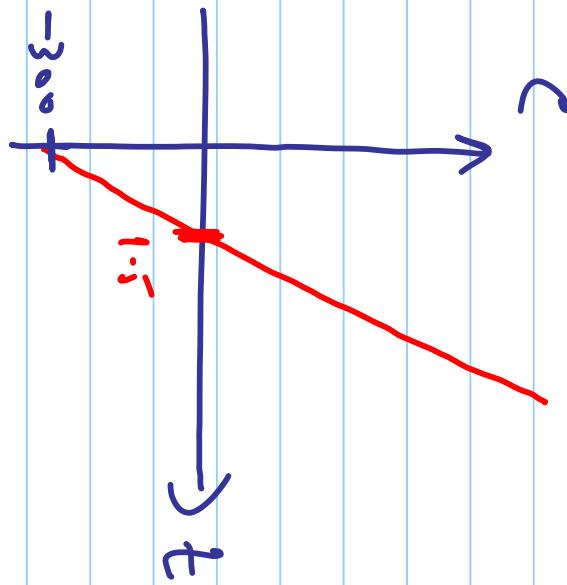
$$100 = 400 + b$$

$$\boxed{-300 = b}$$

$$C = 200t - 300$$

when  $t = 5$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 200(5) - 300 \\ &= 1000 - 300 \\ &= \$700 \end{aligned}$$



$$G = 200t - 300$$